Place: Ramada Bethesda Hotel, 8400 Wisconsin Avenue, Bethesda, MD 20814. The meeting is open to the public.

Purpose: To review HRSA's evaluation activities in HIV and recommend new ones.

Agenda: This is the initial meeting of this subcommittee. The subcommittee and consultants will be provided an orientation on evaluation policies and programs.

For further information on the Subcommittee meetings, please contact A. Russell Gerber at (301) 443–4588.

Name: HRSA AIDS Advisory Committee.

Time: May 16, 1995, 1:00 p.m.-5:00 p.m.; May 17, 1995, 8:30 a.m.-5:00 p.m.; May 18, 1995, 8:30 a.m.-2:00 p.m.

Place: Phillips Ballroom, Radisson-Barcelo Hotel, 2121 P Street NW., Washington, D.C. 20037.

The meeting is open to the public. *Purpose:* The Committee advises the Secretary with respect to health professional education, patient care/health care delivery to HIV-infected individuals, and research relating to transmission, prevention and treatment of HIV infection.

Agenda: The topics to be discussed include the Relationship of Prevention to Care; AIDS Clinical Trial Group 076 Implementation Update; National Health Service Corps; Health Professions Training: Evaluation; and the Reauthorization of the Ryan White Comprehensive AIDS Resources and Emergency Act.

Anyone requiring information regarding the subject Committee should contact Judy Hagopian, AIDS Program Office, Health Resources and Services Administration, Room 14A–21, Parklawn Building, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, Maryland 20857, Telephone (301) 443–0866.

Name: Maternal and Child Health Research

Grants Review Committee.

Date and Time: May 24–26, 1995, 9:00 a.m.

Place: Holiday Inn Crowne Plaza,
Twinbrook Room, 1750 Rockville Pike,
Rockville, Maryland 20852.

Open on May 24, 1995, 9:00 a.m.–10:00 a.m.

Closed for remainder of meeting. Purpose: To review research grant applications in the program area of maternal and child health administered by the Maternal and Child Health Bureau.

Agenda: The open portion of the meeting will cover opening remarks by the Director, Division of Systems, Education and Science, Maternal and Child Health Bureau, who will report on program issues, congressional activities and other topics of interest to the field of maternal and child health. The meeting will be closed to the public on May 24 at 10:00 a.m. for the remainder of the meeting for the review of grant applications. The closing is in accordance with the provisions set forth in section 552b(c)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., and the Determination by the Acting Associate Administrator for Policy Coordination, Health Resources and Services Administration, pursuant to Public Law 92-

Anyone requiring information regarding the subject Council should contact Gontran Lamberty, D.P.H., Executive Secretary, Maternal and Child Health Research Grants Review Committee, Room 18A–55, Parklawn Building, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, Maryland 20857, Telephone (301) 443–2190.

Agenda Items are subject to change as priorities dictate.

Dated: March 24, 1995.

Jackie E. Baum,

Advisory Committee Management Officer, HRSA.

[FR Doc. 95–7704 Filed 3–28–95; 8:45 am]

Social Security Administration

Privacy Act of 1974; Report of New Routine Use

AGENCY: Social Security Administration (SSA), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: New routine use.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a(e)(4) and (11)), we are issuing public notice of our intent to establish a new routine use applicable to the Master Files of Social Security Number (SSN) Holders and SSN Applications, HHS/SSA/OSR, 09-60-0058. The proposed routine use will allow SSA to verify the personal identification information presented to State motor vehicle agencies (MVA) by individuals seeking drivers' licenses and identification cards. This verification service will assist those MVAs' efforts to determine whether the identification information used by individuals to obtain such documents is

We invite public comment on this publication.

DATES: We filed a report of a new routine use with the Chairman, Committee on Government Reform and Oversight of the House of Representatives, the Chairman, Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate, and the Administrator, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget on March 8, 1995. The routine use will become effective as proposed, without further notice on May 8, 1995, unless we receive comments on or before that date that would result in a contrary determination.

ADDRESSES: Interested individuals may comment on this publication by writing to the SSA Privacy Officer, Social Security Administration, Room 3–A–6 Operations Building, 6401 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, Maryland 21235. Comments may be faxed to (410) 966–0869. All comments received will be available for public inspection at that address by making arrangements with the contact person below.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mrs. Alicia Matthews, Social Insurance Specialist, Office of Disclosure Policy, Social Security Administration, 3–D–1 Operations Building, 6401 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, Maryland 21235, telephone 410–965–1723.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

A. Discussion of Proposed Routine Use

Under the national policy established by section 205(c)(2)(C)(i) of the Social Security Act (the Act) States are authorized to use the SSN in the administration of their drivers' license laws for the purpose of establishing the identity of individuals affected by such laws, and may require any individual affected by such laws to furnish to the States (or any agency having administrative responsibility for such laws) his or her SSN. Some MVAs use the SSN to establish the identity of individuals being issued drivers' licenses. Some MVAs also use the SSN to establish the identity of individuals being issued identification cards. Federal law does not specifically authorize the States' use of the SSN for the issuance of general identification cards.

Documents such as the driver's license and the State-issued identification card can be used to establish identity for Federal programs and State and local public assistance programs. The driver's license and identification card can also be used to establish identity for personal and commercial purposes, such as establishing credit and check cashing. State agencies which issue identification documents such as drivers' licenses and identification cards are likely points at which persons might attempt to use SSNs that were not assigned to them in schemes to deceive those agencies and obtain the desired documents. Section 208(a)(7) of the Act provides that any person who, with intent to deceive, represents that an SSN is the one that was assigned by the Secretary of HHS to him or her, when in fact it was not assigned to that person, is guilty of a felony, and upon conviction may be fined, imprisoned, or both.

SSA considers performing verification services for State MVAs as a legitimate function in the administration of the Act. Although the verification services are not specifically mentioned in section 205(c)(2)(C)(i) of the Act, they will assist States in using SSNs as authorized by that statute in administering their driver's license laws. In addition, such verification services will help the States detect and

deter the illegal conduct described in section 208(a)(7) of the Act.

Moreover, verification of information identifying individuals in MVA records would have a positive impact on the administration of Federal and State programs administered by State and local governments, such as those providing medical services, cash payments, child support enforcement and other types of assistance. MVA records are useful to these agencies, and they are required or authorized by law to use SSNs to identify individuals in connection with these programs. See, e.g., sections 205(c)(2)(C)(i) and (v)and 1137 of the Act (42 U.S.C. 405(c)(2)(C)(i) and (v) and 1320b-7). By assisting MVAs with their efforts to obtain and maintain accurate information identifying individuals who apply for, or are issued, drivers' licenses or identification documents, SSA would help make MVA records more useful to these assistance programs.

SSA disclosure of information from the Master Files of SSN Holders and SSN Applications system of records under currently published routine uses may involve providing the correct SSN to an entity when it either has no SSN, or has an incorrect one for a particular individual, or verifying only the fact that an entity has the SSN associated with a particular individual in this system of records. Under the proposed routine use, SSA would only verify that the personal identifying data submitted by the State MVAs match or do not match data in this system of records, and identify the data elements that do not match. SSA would not disclose the data contained in this system of records (such as name or SSN) if the MVA has non-matching data.

The proposed routine use statement will read as follows:

"Personal identification data (i.e., name, SSN, and date of birth) concerning individuals who apply for, or are issued, drivers' licenses or other identification documents may be verified for State motor vehicle agencies (MVA) that issue such licenses or documents. In performing such 'verification,' SSA may indicate whether the identifying data furnished by a State MVA concerning an individual match or do not match data maintained in this system of records, and SSA may identify the particular data elements that do not match. SSA will not disclose information from this system of records which does not match the information furnished by the State MVA.

We are not publishing in its entirety the notice of the system of records to which we are adding the proposed new routine use statement. A notice of that system, the Master Files of Social Security Number (SSN) Holders and SSN Applications, HHS/SSA/OSR, 09– 60–0058, was last published in the **Federal Register** at 60 FR 12964, March 9, 1995.

B. Compatibility of Proposed Routine Use

We are proposing the changes discussed above in accordance with the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a(a)(7), (b)(3), and (e)(11)) and our disclosure regulation (20 CFR part 401).

The Privacy Act permits us to disclose information about individuals without their consents for a routine use, i.e., where the information will be used for a purpose that is compatible with the purpose for which we collected the information. The drivers' licenses and identification cards issued by the MVAs to administer their laws also can be used to establish the identity of individuals for Federal program purposes, and purposes of State and local public assistance programs.

SSA collects and maintains SSNs and other personal identification data in the Master Files of Social Security Number (SSN) Holders and SSN Applications in order to identify and retrieve information about individuals in SSA records, to administer programs for which SSA is responsible, and to detect the use of an SSN by a person to whom that SSN was not assigned. As mentioned above, State MVAs use such information for the same or similar purposes. Providing verification services to State MVAs would assist the implementation of the national policy described in section 205(c)(2)(C)(i) of the Act, would assist the detection and deterrence of conduct that violates section 208(a)(7) of the Act, and would support the effective and efficient administration of various assistance programs by State and local governments. For these reasons, we find that providing verification services to State MVAs serves purposes that are compatible with purposes for which SSA collects the identification information that would be disclosed in performing those services and meets the criteria of the Privacy Act for the establishment of a routine use. Providing such services under a routine use is also permitted by 20 CFR 401.115.

C. Effect of the Proposal on Individual Rights

As discussed above, the proposed new routine use will permit SSA to verify the identification data used by State MVAs to administer their driver's

license and identification card programs. SSA will follow all statutory and regulatory requirements for disclosure. SSA will perform verification services under written agreements which stipulate that MVAs will only collect, verify and redisclose SSNs as provided for by Federal and State law. SSA will safeguard the information that it receives from MVAs for verification to prevent unauthorized access to personal information. Thus, we do not anticipate that the disclosures authorized by the new routine use statement will have any unwarranted effect on the privacy or other rights of individuals.

Dated: March 8, 1995.

Shirley S. Chater,

Commissioner of Social Security. [FR Doc. 95–7713 Filed 3–28–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4190–29–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management [NV-030-95-1990-02]

Environmental Statements; Availability, etc.: Miramar Gold Corp., Lyon County, NV

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Carson City District Office.

ACTION: Notice of intent to prepare an environmental impact statement on a plan of operations for Miramar Gold Corporation in Lyon County, Nevada; and notice of scoping period and public meetings.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to section 102(2)(c) of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 and 43 CFR Part 3809, the Bureau of Land Management will be directing the preparation of an Environmental Impact Statement to be produced by a third-party contractor on the impacts of a proposed Plan of Operations for gold mining at Talapoosa by Miramar Gold Corporation, in Lyon County, Nevada. The Bureau invites comments on the scope of the analysis. **EFFECTIVE DATE:** An open-house meeting will be held April 19, 1995 at the Bureau of Land Management, Carson City District Office, 1535 Hot Springs Road, Carson City, NV, and again on April 20, 1995 at the Mcatee Building, 2495 Ft. Churchill Rd., Silver Springs, NV, to allow the public an opportunity to identify issues and concerns to be addressed in the Environmental Impact Statement. Both meetings are scheduled from 4:00 pm to 7:00 pm. Representatives of Miramar Gold Corporation will be available to answer